**Annual Property Maintenance Checklist**

**Supplementary Information**

**WHY COLLECT THIS INFORMATION?**

As part of its commitment to creating a safe and healthy working environment and in accordance with the [*Work Health and Safety Act 2011*](https://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/CURRENT/W/WorkHSA11.pdf), The Uniting Church in Australia, Queensland Synod (the Church) will ensure Church properties are maintained in a good and safe condition in order to reduce potential exposures to workers[[1]](#footnote-1) within workplaces[[2]](#footnote-2) and places of worship.

The Uniting Church in Australia Regulations also articulates the responsibilities of Presbyteries and Congregations in relation to the management of Church Property. The Synod Office is committed to providing Presbyteries and Congregations with tools and information to assist the Church in fulfilling its duty of care and legislative obligations.

By utilising these tools and information, the Church can reduce the risk of injury and illness occurring within workplaces and places of worship through creating safer places for all workers and visitors.

**Duty of Care**

“The Uniting Church has a deep concern for the wholeness and well-being of each individual. Our church seeks to safeguard the welfare of all people regardless of age, who come in contact with the Church and its organisations. It is the responsibility of each individual within the fellowship of the Church to ensure the physical and emotional safety of all people”

(*The Uniting Church Duty of Care – Adapted policy statement endorsed by the Queensland Synod in 1998*)

**Legislative & Regulatory Compliance**

In addition to the Church’s duty of care, the Church also has legal obligations to ensure health and safety and property management / maintenance detailed as follows:

The main object of the [*Work Health and Safety Act 2011*](https://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/CURRENT/W/WorkHSA11.pdf) is *“…….to secure the health and safety of workers and workplaces by protecting workers and other persons against harm to their health, safety and welfare through the elimination or minimisation of risks arising from work or from particular types of substances or plant”* (Section 3 (1)(a)).

Presbytery Property Committee

*Regulation 4.3.2 (a)(v)* of [*The Uniting Church in Australia Regulations*](http://www.assembly.uca.org.au/images/stories/Regulations/AmendedRegulations.pdf) states:

“*A Presbytery Property Committee, subject to any relevant by-laws and directions of the Presbytery shall regularly inspect or arrange for the regular inspection of properties for which the Presbytery and Church Councils and other bodies within the bounds of the Presbytery are responsible and propose and report to Presbytery such action as may seem desirable to ensure that the properties are maintained in good and safe condition.*”

Congregation Church Council

*Regulation 4.4.1* of [*The Uniting Church in Australia Regulations*](http://www.assembly.uca.org.au/images/stories/Regulations/AmendedRegulations.pdf)states:

“*Subject to the Regulations, the by-laws of the Synod and the rules of Presbytery, the Church Council shall be responsible for the management and administration of all property of the Church acquired or held for the use of the Congregation, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing shall:*

*(a) be responsible for the care and maintenance of property;*

*……*

*(g) do such other things as are necessary or appropriate for the use and management of all property acquired or held for the Congregation.*”

To comply with these legislative and regulatory expectations each Presbytery and Congregation must ensure annual property inspections are conducted and property maintenance checklists are completed. Inspections must be completed of each Presbytery / Congregation property to identify issues relating to health and safety, property maintenance and insurance.

**HOW SHOULD THIS INFORMATION BE USED?**

This information should be used to identify property maintenance, health and safety concerns and other insurance exposures that may require attention within workplaces and places of worship.

Once completed, each Presbytery / Congregation should identify any risks or exposures and develop an action plan or steps to take in order to rectify or repair any areas of concern at each property.

**For assistance with developing action plans or any other queries in respect of the Annual Property Maintenance Checklist, please contact the Queensland Synod Office division appropriate to your query as outlined below:**

**Property Services**

**Manager, Property Resources:** Stephen Peake

**Administration Support Officer:** Susanna Lee

**Property Resources Support:** Simon Thompson

**Phone:** (07) 3377 9838

**Fax:** (07) 3377 9781

**Email:** property@ucaqld.com.au

**Risk & Insurance**

**Risk & Insurance Manager:** David Munro

**Senior Risk Consultant:** Peter Rose

**Senior Insurance Adviser:** Jason Grimsey

**Insurance Assistant:** Carrie Maule

**Phone:** (07) 3377 9725

 (07) 3377 9729

**Fax:** (07) 3377 9781

**Email:** insurance@ucaqld.com.au

 health.safety@ucaqld.com.au

A copy of the completed checklist and action plans needs to be retained on the Presbytery / Congregation records, with copies of each be forwarded to the Presbytery office and the below address:

**Risk & Insurance**

**The Uniting Church in Australia, Queensland Synod**

**GPO Box 674**

**BRISBANE QLD 4001**

**EXPLANATION OF QUESTIONS**

Following is an explanation behind all questions asked on the Property Maintenance Checklist:

**GENERAL INFORMATION / DOCUMENTATION**

1. ***Do you have a Work Health and Safety Policy?***

A Work Health and Safety Policy is a commitment to providing a safe place for your workers, members and other visitors. The Uniting Church in Australia Queensland Synod has developed a [policy](http://personnelservices.ucaqld.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2013/04/UCAQ_WHS_101_v3_0.pdf) that may provide direction if one is not in place.

1. ***When was your last Asbestos Audit undertaken?***

If your most recent audit was undertaken as part of the Synod program in 2002 and 2003 it will not comply with the requirements of the current legislation. A review will need to be undertaken in a manner that complies with the current legislative requirements. Please refer to the [information sheet](http://personnelservices.ucaqld.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2013/04/Asbestos-plans-flyer.pdf) distributed in August 2013 for more information.

1. ***Is there any asbestos present in any of your buildings?***

Some of this information can be found in your earlier reports. Please provide details of known areas and areas that are assumed to contain asbestos in the additional comments section.

1. ***Is the location of all asbestos labelled?***

A workplace must ensure the presence and location of asbestos or asbestos containing materials (ACM) is clearly indicated. The location of asbestos or ACM must be highlighted by a label or warning sign.

1. ***Is a copy of the report easily accessible for workers and contractors?***

The presence and location of the asbestos should be entered on site plans and the asbestos register and be accessible to all workers and contractors to ensure they are aware of the presence of asbestos.

1. ***Have you implemented ChildSafeTM?***

ChildSafeTM provide a range of training modules and resources to assist congregations in complying with the [mandatory policy and procedural](http://www.ccypcg.qld.gov.au/bluecard/risk-management.html) requirements for Child Protection. Information is available online or in paper form. All congregations have been provided access to ChildSafeTM. If you would like further information on how ChildSafeTM can assist your congregation please contact the Risk and Insurance Office.

1. ***Is a copy of your Child Protection Policy readily available to parents?***

Each congregation needs to ensure that effective communication is implemented so that parents, carers and other parties are fully aware of your child and youth management strategy. Ensuring your child protection policy is readily available will assist in this regard.

1. ***When was training last provided to your children’s and youth leaders?***

All leaders must receive regular training in the policies and procedures for working with young people. Training records must be maintained and training needs to be ongoing (minimum of every 12 months). ChildSafeTM can assist in this regard.

**BUILDING ENVIRONMENT - INTERNAL/EXTERNAL**

1. ***Is plant life blocking visibility of the property by passers-by or impeding safe entry or exit from the property by vehicles or pedestrians?***

Overgrown plants can affect member’s entry and exit into the property as it can potentially cause trips, create fire hazards and increase the risk of car accidents or collisions between drivers and pedestrians. In addition it can create a barrier behind which to hide presenting a possible security risk.

1. ***Are car parks and footpaths lit during night meetings?***

Navigation of car parks and footpaths at night without adequate lighting can cause hazards as members are unable to see where they are going and what is in front of them.

1. ***Is there security lighting in place and are there lights on throughout the night?***

Security lighting is an effective form of protection for most buildings. In addition to confirming whether there is security lighting in place please include details of the type of lighting in the additional comments field.

1. ***Are paths and/or walkways free from trip hazards and other obstacles?***

Navigation around trip hazards and other obstacles can put members at risk of injury. Clear paths and walkways enable smooth access to the property.

1. ***Is there disabled access into the facility (i.e. ramps)?***

It is a requirement for properties to have access for disabled members to enter the property. It may be classed as anti-discrimination if this service is not provided.

1. ***Are there any windows cracked or broken?***

General maintenance such as this directly relates to the security of the property and puts the property at risk of being broken into. It also reflects poor maintenance.

1. ***Do all doors and windows open easily and shut completely?***

Can put members at risk of injury if they have to exert considerable force to open and close windows. It also presents a security risk if the windows aren’t secure.

1. ***Are floor surfaces, carpets or mats in good condition?***

Poor maintenance of floor surfaces (holes and tears in carpets, mats, vinyl) can create trip hazards and potentially put members at risk of injuring themselves.

1. ***Are floor surfaces even, level and free from trip and slip hazards?***

As stated in Q16, if floor surfaces are not properly maintained, it can created potential hazards for slips, trips and falls resulting in members sustaining an injury.

1. ***Are the internal/external steps/staircases in good condition and fitted with anti-slip tred?***

It is important to ensure that steps and handrails are steady and free from cracks, paint flaking etc. If not, they can become a risk to members using them due to their instability or disrepair. Anti-slip tred prevents slipping should the surface become wet.

1. ***Are handrails or balustrades installed where required (i.e. on stairs or balconies with a fall of more than a metre)?***

Handrails must be installed on all staircases or balconies that have a fall of more than a metre. They should also be installed to assist elderly/physically impaired members to climb stairs and/or ramps and prevent them from being put at risk of injury.

1. ***Are all aisles, exits and access ways clear of obstructions?***

Navigation around obstructions in aisles and access ways can put members at risk of slips, trips and falls. Aisles and access ways must always be clear of obstructions.

1. ***Are all electrical cords kept in a safe manner (i.e. clear of all aisles, exits and access ways, not dangling loosely from raised surfaces)?***

If not stored or secured in a safe manner electrical cords can become a trip hazard. This can also lead to the cords being damaged or computers or other electrical items being damaged if accidentally pulled off a desk.

1. ***Are ceilings and walls in good repair (i.e. no water leaking, paint flaking, mould or mildew etc.)?***

Flaking paint materials, mould and mildew can contain potentially harmful contaminants that can be inhaled by members in the property and can either exacerbate a members existing condition (such as asthma) or cause illness.

1. ***Have gutters been cleaned in the past six months?***

Obstructed gutters can prevent the flow of water through the gutters and downpipes which may result in damage to the property (gutters rusting, clogged downpipes, water leaking internally). In addition to reducing the effective life of the guttering litter can increase the risk of fire spreading to buildings in bushfire prone areas.

1. ***Are building materials, timber pallets, cardboard, loose boards, bricks or tiles stored anywhere on the property?***

Materials stored on the property can create potential hazards for members and young children accessing the property. Combustible materials stored outside the building have been used by arsonists to destroy property. Storing combustible materials inside sheds or buildings improves defences against arson.

1. ***Are rubbish bins stored inside the buildings or secured away from the buildings?***

Wheelie Bins can easily be pulled up alongside a building and the contents set alight causing significant damage to the building. Bins should be kept inside a building or chained in a secure location away from the building.

**ELECTRICAL**

1. ***Is an RCD (residual current device) or safety switch installed on each building?***

Safety switches play a vital role in protecting your congregation members and other users of your facilities from electrocution. All buildings should be protected by a safety switch.

1. ***Have the RCDs been tested in the past six months?***

Like all other safety devices it is essential that RCDs are tested to ensure they will work when required. A push button test must be completed every 6 months and your electrician needs to complete a time test once a year.

1. ***Has there been any alternative energy systems (solar, wind etc.) installed at your property?***

Workers need to be informed if solar panels are installed as they can pose a hazard. Even when the mains power is switched off energy will continue to be generated increasing the risk of injury and changing the manner in which fire departments will attack a fire.

1. ***Are all light fittings, switches and power points clean and in good repair (i.e. not cracked, lose or fixed to walls properly)?***

Cracked, lose fitting power points or switches not fixed to walls properly can put members at risk of electrocution when used. It can also be a fire hazard.

1. ***Are power boards used instead of household double adaptors?***

Double adaptors or piggyback plugs create a potential hazard as leads and adaptors can become partially dislodged leaving a small gap for another metal object to make contact with the pins. They are actually prohibited in some workplaces by [*Electrical Safety Regulation 2002*](https://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/CURRENT/E/ElectricalSR02.pdf). Power board should be used instead.

1. ***If power boards are in use are they limited to one board per outlet?***

Overloading a power board or outlet is a fire risk. If more than one power board is attached to an outlet it is advisable to install additional outlets.

1. ***Are all power boards and extension leads in good condition (i.e. no frayed or wires exposed)?***

Faulty cords or extension leads can put members at risk of electrocution and can also be a fire hazard.

1. ***Has all portable electrical equipment been inspected, tested and tagged by a qualified electrical worker?***

Testing and tagging electrical appliances provides an additional level of electrical protection for your congregation. Testing and tagging requirements are relaxed slightly when appliances are connected to a safety switch however the [*Electrical Safety Regulation 2002*](https://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/CURRENT/E/ElectricalSR02.pdf) still stipulates some equipment that must be tested.

1. ***Are appliances operating correctly and well maintained (i.e. fridges, microwaves)?***

It is important to ensure that all appliances are in good working order and hygienically maintained to ensure members are not put at risk of injury or illness by using them.

**VENTILATION AND AMENTIES**

1. ***Are church members satisfied with the building ventilation (i.e. thermal comfort and air quality)?***

Hazardous materials have a habit of escaping into the workplace air. Ventilation is all about maintaining the quality of air in the workplace to a level that is fit to breath. In addition, varying temperatures can cause a member’s body to experience stress such as heat stress in hot weather or lowering of blood pressure or a decreased heart rate in cold weather.

1. ***If property is air-conditioned, are filters and vents cleaned regularly?***

If not regularly cleaned, contaminants and dust particles escape into the workplace air can cause illness or may exacerbate existing medical conditions (such as asthma). Failing to clean the filters and vents can also result in a decline of the system’s effectiveness and increased power costs.

1. ***Are property amenities hygienically cleaned (i.e. kitchen, toilets and showers)?***

It is important to keep amenities hygienically cleaned. It ensures a state of well-being and prevents exposure to illness.

1. ***Is all furniture in a good and stable condition (i.e. chairs, pews etc.)?***

Ensure all furniture is kept in good condition to prevent putting members at risk of injury (such as a chair breaking while being sat on).

**FIRST AID AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

1. ***Are fire exits clearly marked, easily identifiable and free from obstructions?***

Fire exits are part of an essential emergency response plan. They must be clearly identified and free from obstructions at all times. If they are blocked you are putting members at risk.

1. ***Are all extinguishers and fire hoses easily accessible?***

All fire extinguishers and hoses (if applicable) must be easily accessible and free from obstruction in case of fire.

1. ***Have extinguishers, hose reels and fire blankets been serviced in the past 6 months?***

You must ensure that all fire extinguishers are bi-annually tested, maintained and serviced by a competent person.

1. ***Are there illuminated exits signs or emergency lights installed in your buildings?***

Illuminated exits and emergency lighting systems are designed and installed as an essential safety measure. They clearly identify escape routes and providing visibility during power failure. If you do not have emergency lighting please detail measures implemented to ensure a safe evacuation during an evening meeting in the additional comments. It is also important to note the emergency lighting needs to be tested regularly to ensure it will operate if required. If it fails to work you are putting members at risk.

1. ***Are emergency and fire evacuation procedures clearly displayed?***

Emergency and fire evacuation procedures need developed and displayed, generally in the vicinity of the exits, for each building. Information regarding the evacuation procedures should be provided to all users of the property.

1. ***Are workers trained in the evacuation procedures?***

Workers, ushers and other key leaders of the congregation need to conversant with the evacuation procedures. Training should be provided every 12 months.

1. ***Has a fire drill been conducted in the past year?***

Fire drills ensure workers and members are familiar with the procedure for evacuating and enable Fire Wardens to identify areas where the evacuation procedures may need to be refined. A fire drill should be conducted every 12 months.

1. ***Is there a first aid kit and is it accessible to all members?***

It is a requirement for properties to have a fully stocked first aid kit on the premises to provide initial medical treatment to a member in the event of an injury.

1. ***Do you have designated first aid officers and are their details kept with the first aid kits?***

It is essential to the provision of a safe environment that qualified first aid officers have been identified and can take charge should the need ever arise. Listing your first aiders in the first aid kit will assist in ensuring the best people are assisting.

1. ***Are contents of the first aid kit appropriate for the property and regularly checked and maintained?***

A risk assessment should be conducted to determine the size of the first aid kit. The kit should be checked annually to re-stock any used items or discard items out of their use by date.

1. ***Are first aid kits appropriately labelled (i.e. marked with a white cross and green background)?***

First aid kits should be clearly marked with a white cross on a green background and a sign of the same nature fixed to the cupboard or door to identify where the kit is stored.

**INSURANCE AND SECURITY**

1. ***Have there been any security issues during the year? If so, have they been resolved?***

Security Issues include incidents where property has been stolen, or alternatively when there has only been attempted forced entry. If your congregation has sustained multiple incidents, what measures have you put in place to reduce further losses?

1. ***Is there a burglar alarm installed? In the additional comments field please advise whether it is a local alarm or monitored by security.***

A burglar alarm provides an additional level of security. A monitored alarm is going to be more effective than a local alarm as someone is being notified of a break-in. Local alarms may work if your neighbours are looking out for your property.

1. ***Are there key operated deadlocks on all external doors?***

Standard door fittings provide limited protection against break-in. Deadlocks or patio bolts provide increased protection. In some regions underwriters expect homeowners to have deadlocks fitted before they will provide insurance cover. If your congregation has been affected by burglaries, or break-in attempts, or incidents of this nature are common in your neighbourhood deadlocks should be installed.

1. ***Have key operated window locks or security screens been installed?***

As stated in Q52 window locks or security screens provide increased protection against break-in. If your congregation has been affected by break-ins or attempted break-ins additional window protection should be installed.

1. ***Is the computer and multimedia equipment secured?***

Valuable portable goods, where practicable, should be kept in a special room, or enclosure that can only be accessed by authorised persons. Musical instruments (apart from pianos and organs – heavy instruments) should not be left in worship areas during the week, or between services.

Repeat thefts are very common, in particular theft of audio and visual equipment. In one insurance year, three Uniting Church congregations had their data projectors stolen on more than one occasion.

1. ***Are your computer systems regularly backed up and backups kept off site?***

It is essential that regular computer data is backed up regularly to ensure the data is not lost due to computer malfunction or loss of the machine. Back-ups need to be stored off-site to ensure that in the event of a major hazard such as a fire you still have access to the back-ups.

1. ***Has your key register been reviewed in the past 12 months? In the additional comments fields please advise how many people have keys to the property.***

Managing the number of keys to your property that are in circulation assists in improving the security of your buildings. A key register enables you to quickly identify who holds keys to the buildings. The register should be reviewed regularly and keys returned by people who no longer require regular access as part of their role within your congregation.

1. ***Is the building regularly used by other church groups, agencies or by the general community?***

This question takes into consideration the use and safety of our properties, but more importantly the higher duty of care responsibility we have to our tenants.

Secondly, is the Church incurring additional liability exposure from the activities being conducted by our tenants?

1. ***Is there a formal rental agreement with any other groups who use the property?***

Do you utilise the Church’s Licence Agreement for Non Exclusive Use Agreement or lease agreements?

1. ***Could your property be shared with other denominations or Uniting Care activities?***

This question is designed to look at ways the Church can better utilise its properties from a mission perspective.

**CHILD SAFETY**

1. ***Do children attend your congregation?***

It is important to determine if the property is child safe if they regularly attend the property.

1. ***Has work been undertaken to ensure the environment is child safe?***

What measures have been taken by your congregation to make the property child safe? Have you created a safe play area? Has shade been provided? Are door handles out of reach of young children?

1. ***Do all cupboards and drawers that store sharp and hazardous materials (i.e. cutlery, glass, and plastic bags) have child resistant catches?***

It is important to take whatever precautions possible to reduce the risk of children harming themselves by inadvertently accessing items that can be dangerous to young people.

1. ***Are electrical and gas appliances, particularly kitchen appliances and power tools, inaccessible to children?***

All power tools should be locked away when not in use. Is your kitchen off limits to children? If you use gas heaters what measures have been taken to keep children away from the appliances?

1. ***Are safety plugs used in all power points that are not being utilised?***

Safety plugs are designed to reduce the risk of electrocution through objects being pushed into an outlet. If power boards are in use safety plugs should be installed in unused points as well. This is even more important in power boards devoid of individual switches as all points will be active as soon as the power board is turned on.

1. ***Are all sources of hot and boiling water inaccessible to children?***

How is tea and coffee supplied to your attendees? Do people help themselves or are they served? If urns are accessible to everyone are they out of reach of children and set on fixed shelves or cabinets. Avoid placing an urn or kettle on a table that children are also accessing.

1. ***Are all chemicals, fuels and hazardous substances securely stored?***

All chemicals, fuels and hazardous substances needs to be locked away after use. Areas where this can sometimes be overlooked include under the sink in the kitchen (detergents and insecticides), amenities (cleaning products) and vestries (Brasso, oils and cleaning products).

1. ***All hazardous substances (including poisons) are properly labelled and stored in accordance with the information on safe use (SDS).***

A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) provides information relating to the safe storage and use of hazardous substances. They also provide essential first aid information on appropriate action to be taken should a substance be ingested. [*The Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011*](https://www.legislation.qld.gov.au/LEGISLTN/CURRENT/W/WorkHSR11.pdf)requires a SDS register to be developed for all chemicals and hazardous substances stored or utilised at your property.

1. ***If applicable, is the children’s playground and its equipment free from hazard and debris and regularly inspected and maintained?***

Regular inspections of playgrounds and playground equipment need to be undertaken to ensure the equipment is in good operating order, safety measures such as soft fall are in the correct areas and the playground is free from hazard.

1. *Worker* is a person who works for or at the direction of the Church and can include employees, volunteers, a contractor and their employees, work experience student, trainee or employees of a labour hire company. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. *Workplace* is any place where work is carried out for or at the direction of the Church and includes any place where a worker goes, or is likely to be, whilst at work. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)